

## ROMAN LAW: HISTORY OF ROMAN LAW AND THE MAKING OF CIVIL LAW

Coordinating Professor: Prof. Eduardo Vera-Cruz Pinto | Lectures (PT): Weds. & Fris. 9am @ Anf.1 Seminars: Prof. Francisca Soromenho | e-mail: <a href="mailto:fsoromenho@fd.ulisboa.pt">fsoromenho@fd.ulisboa.pt</a> | Tel: +351 918726527 GROUP 1 Mondays 11h10-13h00 Classroom @ 10.07 | GROUP 2 Tuesdays 09h30-11h10 @ TBD

Class No.	Summary	Date
0	Introduction to the course.	Everyone
		G1&2: September 22 <sup>nd</sup>
1	Workshop: How to write a paper.	Everyone G1&2: September 30 <sup>th</sup>
	Class Assignment: Share a brief (~5 min) history of the legal tradition	
	of your home country (civil law, common law) and how Roman Law	
	influenced it.	
2	Framework. Roman Law as the origin of the juridical. Distinction	G1: October 6 <sup>th</sup> G2: October 7 <sup>th</sup>
	between ius, lex, fas; legal rules and statutory norms.	
	ULPIAN and GAIUS on ius vs. lex.	
	Roman Law and the science of Law. The making of Civil Law.	
	Read: (1) MERRYMAN, J.H. and PÉREZ-PERDOMO, R., The Civil Law	
	Tradition. An Introduction to the Legal Systems of Europe and Latin	
	America. 3 <sup>rd</sup> Ed. (Stanford: SUP, 2007): 1-14.	
	(2) JUSTINIAN, 'Constitutio Omnem' (issued 16 Dec., 533 CE).	
3	Early Rome. From Monarchy to the Republic. Social struggles	G1: October 13 <sup>th</sup> G2: October 14 <sup>th</sup>
	(patricians vs. plebeians).	
	<b>Sources of Roman Law</b> : Distinction between sources of <i>ius</i> and <i>lex</i> .	
	The Lex Duodecim Tabularum.	
	Read: (3) Excerpts from the Twelve Tables.	
	<i>Quaestio</i> : Are the Twelve Tables a Roman "Constitution"?	
4	Republican Institutions and the Rise of the Praetor.	G1: October 20 <sup>th</sup> G2: October 21 <sup>st</sup>
	Republican Assemblies and magistracies.	
	The Praetor's role: <i>imperium</i> and <i>iurisdictio</i> .	
	Edictum perpetuum and the flexibility of the ius honorarium.	
	The origins of <i>iuris prudential</i> as source of law.	
	Quaestio: Does the Praetor's Edict represent a form of Roman "judicial	
	activism"?	
Deadline	Submission of the proposed <b>research question</b> (e-mail)	October 23 <sup>rd</sup>
5	Law, Power, and Society.	G1: October 27 <sup>th</sup> G2: October 28 <sup>th</sup>
	The Principate and the Transformation of Legal Sources.	
	Augustus and the "hybrid" regime. <i>Ius publice respondendi</i> and legal	
	authority. From <i>ius</i> to <i>lex</i> under imperial power.	
	Read: (5) CORCORAN, S., Art., "Codex Justinianus" in BAGNALL RS et.	
	al., (eds.), The Encyclopedia of Ancient History (Oxford: Wiley-	
	Blackwell. 2012), one page.	
	(6) Preface 'Haec' from the first edition of the Codex Justinianus, from	
	FRIER, B.W., (general ed.), The Codex of Justinian. A New Annotated	
	Translation, with Parallel Latin and Greek Text. Vol. 1: Introductory	
	Matter, and Books I–III. (Cambridge: CUP, 2016).	C1 N 2rd
6	Late Empire, Codification and Christianization.	G1: Nov. 3 <sup>rd</sup> G2: Nov. 4 <sup>th</sup>
		G2: 100V. 4"

10	Course assessment, self-assessment, end-of-term review, grading.	Everyone G1&G2: December 16 <sup>th</sup>
Deadline	<b>Final deadline for the <u>submission of papers</u></b> (~10-15 pp, e-mail until 23h59)	December 10 <sup>th</sup>
Office Hours	Office hours (for all students, G1 and G2)	G1&2: December. 9 <sup>th</sup>
No Class	National Holiday (Catholic): Feast of the Immaculate Conception	December 8 <sup>th</sup>
Office Hours	Office hours (for all students, G1 and G2)	G1&2: December 2 <sup>nd</sup>
No Class	National Holiday: Restauration of Independence Day	December 1 <sup>st</sup>
9	<u>Quaestio</u> : <b>The Edict of Caracalla</b> (212 CE).  Did the <i>Constitutio Antononiana</i> represent a genuine step towards universal citizenship, or was it an imperial strategy for control and taxation?	G1: November 24 <sup>th</sup> G2: November 25 <sup>th</sup>
8	What does it mean to think today's legal framework in a Roman-law way?  Read: (9) STEIN, P., "Interpretation and Legal Reasoning in Roman Law" Chicago-Kent Law Rev 70 (1995): 1539 – 1556.  (10) Digest, 41.1.1-7pr (PsGaius, Common Matters or Golden Things, book 2 and Florentinus Institutes, book 6). [Trans. WATSON et al.]	G1: November 17 <sup>th</sup> G2: November 28th
	Contemporary Resonances. Politics and the Law. Social issues: property, slavery, citizenship ( <i>civitas Romana</i> and Edict of Caracalla). The Roman contribution to the concept of the <i>Rule of Law</i> .	
7	Individual Review of Research Projects.	G1: November 10 <sup>th</sup> G2: November 11 <sup>th</sup>
Deadline	Submission of the term <b>research project</b> (~2pp, e-mail)	November 6 <sup>th</sup>
	The Dominate and centralization of Power. Political sources of the <i>ius novum</i> . Codification and Corpus Iuris Civilis (Justinian's Codification). Christianization of Roman Law. Christianity and legal thinking. Roman Law as the foundation of a European <i>ius commune</i> .  Read: (7) KAISER, W., Art., "Institutiones, of Justinian" in BAGNALL RS et. al, (eds.), <i>The Encyclopedia of Ancient History</i> (Oxford: Wiley-Blackwell. 2012), two pages.  (8) JUSTINIAN, <i>Institutes</i> . Preface confirming the Institutes ('Imperatoriam maiestatem') and Institutes, Book 1, titles 1-3.	

Undergraduate Degree in Law, *Licenciatura em Direito*, 1<sup>st</sup> Year, TA, Fall Term 2025/2026